

Michael V. Drake, MD President

March 22, 2023

Office of the President 1111 Franklin St. Oakland, CA 94607

The Honorable Nancy Skinner Chair, Joint Legislative Budget Committee 1020 N Street, Room 553 Sacramento, California 95814

universityofcalifornia.edu

Dear Senator Skinner:

CAMPUSES Berkeley **Davis** Irvine UCLA Merced Riverside

San Diego San Francisco Santa Barbara

MEDICAL CENTERS

Santa Cruz

Davis Irvine UCLA San Diego San Francisco

NATIONAL LABORATORIES Lawrence Berkeley Lawrence Livermore Los Alamos

DIVISION OF AGRICULTURE AND NATURAL RESOURCES

Pursuant to Item 6440-001-0001, Section 2, Provision 6(a), of the 2022 Budget Act (AB 179, Chapter 249, Statutes of 2022), enclosed is the University of California's annual report to the Legislature on Basic Needs, Mental Health and Rapid Rehousing.

If you have any questions, Associate Vice President David Alcocer would be pleased to speak with you. David can be reached by telephone at (510) 987-9113, or by email at David.Alcocer@ucop.edu.

Sincerely,

Michael V. Drake, MD

President

Enclosure

Senate Budget and Fiscal Review cc:

The Honorable John Laird, Chair

Senate Budget and Fiscal Review Subcommittee #1

(Attn: Mr. Christopher Francis) (Attn: Ms. Jean-Marie McKinney) The Honorable Kevin McCarty, Chair Assembly Budget Subcommittee #2

(Attn: Mr. Mark Martin) (Attn: Ms. Sarah Haynes)

Mr. Hans Hemann, Joint Legislative Budget Committee

Ms. Erika Contreras, Secretary of the Senate

Ms. Amy Leach, Office of the Chief Clerk of the Assembly Ms. Sue Parker, Office of the Chief Clerk of the Assembly Ms. Tammy Weis, Office of the Chief Clerk of the Assembly

Mr. Chris Ferguson, Department of Finance Mr. Jack Zwald, Department of Finance

Page 2

Ms. Gabriela Chavez, Department of Finance
Mr. Gabriel Petek, Legislative Analyst Office
Ms. Jennifer Pacella, Legislative Analyst Office
Provost and Executive Vice President Katherine S. Newman
Vice President and Vice Provost Yvette Gullatt
Associate Vice Provost Elizabeth Halimah
Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer Nathan Brostrom
Senior Vice President Brent Colburn
Vice President Pamela Brown
Associate Vice President David Alcocer

Associate Vice President and Director Kathleen Fullerton

UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA Basic Needs, Mental Health and Rapid Rehousing 2022–23 Legislative Report

Introduction

This legislative report provides information about The Budget Act of 2022 (Assembly Bill 179) and its allocation of \$15 million to University of California (UC) to address students' basic needs and ameliorate food and housing insecurity, along with \$20.3 million for mental health and \$3.5 million for rapid rehousing efforts on campus. The report combines previously separate reporting requirements for basic needs and rapid rehousing, providing a comprehensive report on funding distribution, program efforts, and the impact on students of basic needs, mental health, and rapid rehousing efforts from July 1, 2021 through June 30, 2022. Note: Appendix I includes text relevant to this funding from the Budget Act of 2022.

Efforts Across the University of California

The University of California has received robust support from the State to address students' basic needs, including mental health care and rapid rehousing. In 2019, UC began receiving \$23.8 million total for food and housing (\$15 million), rapid rehousing (\$3.5 million), and mental health (\$5.3 million). In 2021, the University received an additional \$15 million in ongoing mental health funding to expand students' access to mental health resources. The funds make it possible for campuses to plan, develop, and expand services for students struggling to access basic needs: nutritious food, safe places to stay and sleep, and mental health services.

Basic Needs

The UC defines basic needs as an ecosystem that supports financial stability by ensuring equitable access to nutritious and sufficient food; safe, secure, and adequate housing (to sleep, study, cook, and shower); healthcare to promote sustained mental and physical well-being; affordable transportation; resources for personal hygiene care; and emergency needs for students with dependents. More generally, basic needs are the minimum resources necessary to holistically support all students in their daily lives.¹

In 2022, UC distributed \$15 million of funds for basic needs to each of its ten campuses. Approximately half of the distribution was based proportionally on the number of food and/or housing-insecure undergraduate and graduate students on a campus. The funding formula was informed by the 2020 UC Undergraduate Experience Survey (UCUES) and the 2016 UC Graduate Student Well-Being Survey. Figure 1 provides an overview of funding by campus.

¹ <u>UC Basic Needs Initiative</u>

Figure 1: Distribution of basic needs	Figure 1: Distribution of basic needs funding by campus for 2021–22								
Campus	Permanent Base	Innovation Awards 2021–22	Total Campus Allocation						
Berkeley	1,396,000	220,000	1,616,000						
Davis	1,477,000	292,000	1,769,000						
Irvine	1,445,000	279,000	1,724,000						
Los Angeles	1,350,000	245,000	1,595,000						
Merced	791,000	209,000	1,000,000						
Riverside	1,240,000	371,000	1,611,000						
San Diego	1,403,000	245,000	1,648,000						
San Francisco	549,000	14,000	563,000						
Santa Barbara	1,262,000	242,000	1,504,000						
Santa Cruz	1,087,000	183,000	1,270,000						
UCDC	50,000		50,000						
UC Research and Assessment		200,000	200,000						
UCOP	450,000		450,000						
TOTAL	12,500,000	2,500,000	15,000,000						

Of the \$15 million allocated to address students' basic needs, campuses received a permanent base budget of \$5 million, distributed equally (\$500,000 per campus to provide common, baseline-level support); and \$7 million in proportion to the estimated number of students who are food and/or housing insecure at each campus (based on systemwide survey findings). The sum of \$2.5 million dollars was originally to be allocated on a competitive basis to support innovation and research in the area of basic needs and housing security; ultimately, however, these funds were instead distributed equitably across all ten campuses in order to deploy funding more quickly in response to the pandemic. In addition, \$50,000 was provided to the UC Washington Center (UCDC) for UC students enrolled at the center. UCOP retained \$450,000 to provide campus support and coordination of the Systemwide Basic Needs Committee. Note: Appendix II includes a comprehensive breakdown of the distribution of permanent funds.

Campus Basic Needs Efforts

Across all campus basic needs services (food and housing), a total of 72,213 unique students were served, and a total of 383,455 student contacts were made as a result of State-funded programs from July 1, 2021 to June 30, 2022. This is a 36.6 percent increase in unique students and a 69.1 percent increase in student contacts from the previous year. Figure 2 provides a breakdown of students served across all ten campuses.

	Figure 2: Total number of students using campus basic needs services (food and housing) during July 1, 2021–June 30, 2022								
Campus	Unique students served*	Total Student contacts**							
Berkeley	8,023	10,931							
Davis	11,879	97,303							
Irvine	4,995	21,204							
Los Angeles	9,422	125,526							
Merced	2,069	4,893							
Riverside	8,560	18,907							
San Diego	8,009	31,519							
San Francisco	1,843	12,276							
Santa Barbara	8,390	32,322							
Santa Cruz	9,023	28,574							
TOTAL	72,213	383,455							

^{*}The number of <u>unique</u> (unduplicated) students served is calculated by gathering the number of individual student identification card "swipes" registered at all basic-needs services. The swipes represent the total number of individual students served by State-funded basic needs programs.

Due to permanent funding from the legislature, campuses have maintained their basic needs services amidst the decline of emergency COVID-19 relief programs, such as Housing is Key, a federal program that paid rent for people experiencing financial distress between April 1, 2020 and March 31, 2022, and the CARES Act Higher Education Emergency Relief Fund (HEERF), a federal program providing emergency financial aid to students experiencing disruptions and financial stress due to COVID.

As students returned to campus in greater numbers, and more students accessed basic needs programs, basic needs centers continued to deliver in-person and virtual services to assist with COVID-19 prevention and mitigation efforts, as well as with ongoing basic needs struggles. Permanent services, strategic partnerships, and responsive staff have provided students with important resources as they navigate the complexities of returning to in-person operations on campus. Appendix III describes how campuses leveraged or coordinated their own campus programs with other State and local resources to address housing and food insecurity.

Food Security Support

Campuses offer a variety of ongoing food assistance programs, food operations, one-on-one

^{**} Student contacts represent the total number of student identification card "swipes," or the total number of times students were served by State-funded basic needs programs.

support, assistance with the CalFresh application, and educational workshops. The considerable short- and long-term impact of the pandemic and recent, heavy inflation on family and individual finances underscore the importance of sustaining these resources for students. Figure 3 includes a summary of UC's common food services, by campus.

	Grocery					
Campus	cards, meal vouchers and/or food awards*	Food Pantry/ Distribution	EBT **	Participates in RMP***	Plans to Participate in RMP****	CalFresh outreach/ application assistance
Berkeley	✓	✓	✓		✓	✓
Davis	✓	✓	✓		✓	✓
Irvine	✓	✓	✓		✓	✓
Los Angeles	✓	✓	1		✓	✓
Merced	✓	✓				✓
Riverside	✓	✓	✓		✓	✓
San Diego	✓	✓	✓		✓	✓
San Francisco	✓	✓	✓	✓		✓
Santa Barbara	✓	✓	1		✓	1
Santa Cruz	✓	✓	✓		✓	1
Total	10	10	9	1	8	10

^{*}Campus programs that provide assistance to students solely for the purpose of purchasing meals or groceries. Each campus environment must respond to its unique contexts to provide the most applicable and accessible programs.

According to the 2022 UC Undergraduate Experience Survey, 43 percent of undergraduates were food insecure, with 25 percent reporting very low food security and 18 percent reporting low food security. In the 2021 Graduate Student Experience Survey, 20 percent of graduate students were food insecure, with 9 percent reporting very low food security and 11 percent reporting low food security. Due to sustained funding from the State of California, UC campuses have been able to provide consistent resources to address student food insecurity and hunger while adapting and responding to students' lived experiences.

^{**}Due to the pandemic, some campuses closed on-campus restaurants and food vendors, causing a lapse in EBT eligibility. Campuses are working toward reinstatement.

^{***}Campus participation in the restaurant meals program (RMP) is contingent on county participation.

^{****}These campuses plan to participate in the restaurant meals program when it again becomes available within their county.

Housing Support

State funding has provided UC campuses with vital, sustained emergency assistance for housing-insecure and homeless students. The primary forms of campus-based support focus on financial assistance, housing vouchers, on-campus housing, financial assistance, and emergency case management. Campus basic-needs staff and peer educators also offer workshops and training about navigating rental searches, lease agreements, and roommate matching, while campus administrators have made progress on determining how to use State housing grants to build more student housing. While developing the infrastructure to track housing data is a point of growth, nine campuses were able to estimate the number of students who secured permanent housing after receiving these services at a collective total of 2,913. Figure 4 includes a summary of UC's common housing services by campus.

Figure 4: List of housing supports offered by campuses									
Campus	Campus Housing	Emergency Housing and/or Long-Term Housing Assistance	On- Campus Housing Vouchers	Hotel Vouchers and Bookings	Emergency Grants	Case Management			
Berkeley	1	✓		✓	✓	1			
Davis	✓	✓		✓	✓	1			
Irvine	✓	✓ ✓			✓	✓			
Los Angeles	✓	✓	✓		1	✓			
Merced	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓				
Riverside	✓	✓	1	✓	✓	✓			
San Diego	✓	✓			✓	✓			
San Francisco	✓	✓			1				
Santa Barbara	✓	✓	✓	✓	1	1			
Santa Cruz	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓			
TOTAL	10	10	5	6	10	8			

Mental Health

In 2022, the UC distributed \$20.3 million in mental health funding across all ten campuses. Of those funds, in 2021 \$15 million was used to develop the Equity in Mental Health Funding plan to establish a holistic mental health funding strategy.² Campuses were provided funding across the behavioral health continuum of care to serve a wide range of mental health needs for students

² The University of California Equity in Mental Health Funding Plan

from historically underserved student populations. UCOP retained \$450,000 of the funds for systemwide coordination, research, and the procurement of technologies. In addition, \$50,000 was reserved for UCDC for UC students enrolled at the center. Figure 5 provides a breakdown of funding across the system.

Campus Mental health Mental Health Total									
Campus	Mental health (Budget Act 2021)		Total						
Berkeley	1,685,000	779,000	2,464,000						
Davis	1,763,000	709,000	2,472,000						
Irvine	1,703,000	703,000	2,406,000						
Los Angeles	1,760,000	840,000	2,600,000						
Merced	1,059,000	167,000	1,226,000						
Riverside	1,705,000	434,000	2,139,000						
San Diego	1,661,000	712,000	2,373,000						
San Francisco	536,000	89,000	625,000						
Santa Barbara	1,438,000	485,000	1,923,000						
Santa Cruz	1,190,000	382,000	1,572,000						
UCDC	50,000		50,000						
UCOP	450,000		450,00						
TOTAL	15,000,000	5,300,000	20,300,000						

Mental Health Support

State support has allowed campuses to expand and enrich mental health resources available to students in response to increasing behavioral and mental health needs. These new and enhanced services are critical to addressing existing inequities and include increased support, treatment, and advocacy for historically underserved student populations, such as LGBTQ, people of color, parenting students, survivors of violence, undocumented students, and other groups. Additionally, five UC campuses increased crisis services, six expanded Interpersonal Violence (IPV) services, nine provided faculty and staff training on behavioral health and wellness, and all ten provided some form of care navigation services. A list of additional services offered by each campus with State funding are provided in Appendix IV.

Rapid Rehousing

In 2022, UC distributed \$3.5 million in rapid rehousing funding across all ten campuses. The UC Office of the President developed a funding formula in 2019 which remained the same this

budget year. Allocations were distributed as follows: \$1.5 million of the \$3.5 million that the State of California allocated to UC for rapid rehousing efforts was distributed equally across the ten campuses (\$150,000 per campus) to provide a common baseline level of support. In alignment with UC-wide survey results noted above, the balance of \$2 million was distributed in proportion to the estimated number of students who are food and/or housing insecure at each campus. Figure 6 provides an overview of funding by campus.

Figure 6: Distribut	ion of rapid rehousing fundi	ng by campus for 2021–22			
Campus	Permanent Base	Allocation Based on Food- and Housing- Insecure Student Estimates	Total Allocation		
Berkeley	150,000	322,000	472,000		
Davis	150,000	204,000	354,000		
Irvine	150,000	247,000	397,000		
Los Angeles	150,000	257,000	407,000		
Merced	150,000	53,000	203,000		
Riverside	150,000	157,000	307,000		
San Diego	150,000	256,000	406,000		
San Francisco	150,000	18,000	168,000		
Santa Barbara	150,000	265,000	415,000		
Santa Cruz	150,000	221,000	371,000		
TOTAL	1,500,000	2,000,000	3,500,000		

Rapid Rehousing Support

UC campuses worked closely and collaboratively with campus Basic Needs Committees to identify rapid rehousing priorities and drafted a three-year spending plan. Committees comprise faculty, staff, students—both undergraduate and graduate—and community partners. They also gathered feedback through town halls and one-on-one consultations with various stakeholders, including student organizations, student government representatives, relevant campus departments, vice chancellors for Student Affairs, and individual faculty and staff members.

Campus spending plans reflect evidence-based elements of the College-Focused Rapid Rehousing (CFRR) model for both on- and off-campus students; these include housing identification, rental assistance, and intensive case management and campus support. Campus strategies are included in Appendix III.

Summary of Student Impacts

UC has developed a robust strategy to continuously review the impact of student basic needs on student success. UC students who report food insecurity and homelessness are less likely to graduate in four years as undergraduates or to report staying on track for timely degree completion as graduate students than their food-secure and non-homeless counterparts.³ According to the 2016 and 2018 UCUES and the 2016 Graduate Student Well-Being Survey, food-secure and non-homeless students also earn higher grade point averages than those who report food insecurity and homelessness. Disproportionate impacts were also seen for these results in members of historically underserved student populations.⁴

Campus staff members also articulate students' high levels of stress, concerns over academic performance, and doubts about finishing their degrees when they are concurrently struggling to meet their basic needs. This is in alignment with national data that correlate food and housing insecurity in college students with lower GPAs and lower self-reported mental and physical health than their basic needs-secure counterparts.⁵

Summary of Outreach Efforts and Innovations

Students struggling to meet their basic needs may be unaware of supportive resources available to them. Additionally, each campus community is different and needs to tailor outreach to their environments. Therefore, campuses employ a variety of strategies to reach students and to spread awareness of campus resources.

These include:

- Providing education for faculty and staff
- Conducting virtual and in-person events and workshops
- Launching social media campaigns
- Holding targeted new student orientation sessions
- Creating peer-to-peer supports, which result in increased word-of-mouth about what's available
- Mobilizing programs that increase visibility across campus
- Distributing newsletters and hygiene kits
- Administering basic needs surveys

Conclusion

The sustained State funding has enabled campuses to respond effectively to basic needs crises, serving more than 72,000 unique students. Campuses have demonstrated not only their resiliency, but their skill in responding to crises in creative new ways as they deepen partnerships

³ Student basic needs (Completion)

⁴ Student basic needs | University of California

⁵ Martinez, SM, 2020; Goldrick-Rab et al., 2020; Crutchfield & Maguire 2018

with local organizations and State agencies, develop new strategies, expand services, and adjust their programs to increase accessibility when needed. All of this has occurred amidst difficult economic conditions and the COVID-19 pandemic. Students have been able to enroll in CalFresh, access emergency food and housing resources, access critical mental health and well-being services, stabilize housing situations both on and off campus, and even develop important professional skills with job opportunities at basic needs centers. This year, a total of 355 undergraduate and graduate students were employed across UC's basic needs centers, along with 57 professional staff members. Sustained funding has enabled campuses to commit to their programs and services on a new level and to plan for the future. These wide-ranging efforts are vital not only for the well-being of students and their educational outcomes, but also to the State of California as it seeks to increase its number of college graduates.

Appendix I

Budget Act of 2022, Assembly Bill 179, Chapter 249, Statutes of 2022

- **6**. (a) Of the funds appropriated in this item, \$15,000,000 shall be available to support meal donation programs, food pantries serving students, CalFresh enrollment, and other means of directly providing nutrition assistance to students. All monetary assistance provided to students pursuant to this subprovision shall be distributed to the student by the campus financial aid office. The funds described in this subprovision may also be used for any of the following:
 - (1) To assist homeless and housing-insecure students in securing stable housing.
 - (2) To supply students with personal hygiene products.
 - (3) To establish basic-needs centers as a centralized location on campus where students experiencing basic-needs insecurity can be identified, supported, and linked to on- and off-campus resources to support timely program completion. Campus basic-needs centers may use funds for operations of the center.
 - (4) To designate or hire dedicated basic-needs coordinators for the basic-needs centers who will serve as a single point of contact for students.
- (b) The University of California shall report to the Department of Finance and relevant policy and fiscal committees of the Legislature by February 1 of each year regarding the use of funds specified in subdivision (a) and Provision 7. The report shall include, but not necessarily be limited to, all of the following information for the preceding fiscal year and estimates of all of the following for the current fiscal year:
 - (1) The amount of funds distributed to campuses, and identification of which campuses received funds.
 - (2) For each campus, a programmatic budget summarizing how the funds were spent. The budget shall include any other funding used to supplement the General Fund.
 - (3) A description of the types of programs in which each campus invested.
 - (4) A list of campuses that accept or plan to accept electronic benefit transfer.
 - (5) A list of campuses that participate or plan to participate in the CalFresh Restaurant Meals Program.
 - (6) A list of campuses that offer or plan to offer emergency housing or assistance with long-term housing arrangements.
 - (7) A description of how campuses leveraged or coordinated with other state or local resources to address housing and food insecurity, and student mental health.
 - (8) An analysis describing how funds reduced food insecurity and homelessness among students, increased student mental health, and, if feasible, how funds impacted student outcomes such as persistence or completion.
 - 9) Other findings and best practices implemented by campuses.
- 7. Of the funds appropriated in this item, \$20,300,000 shall be available to increase student mental health resources.

- 8. (a) Of the funds appropriated in this item, \$3,500,000 shall be available to support rapid rehousing efforts assisting homeless and housing insecure students. All monetary assistance to students shall be distributed to the student by the campus financial aid office.
- (b) Campuses shall establish ongoing partnerships with community organizations that have a tradition of helping populations experiencing homelessness to provide wraparound services and rental subsidies for students. Funds appropriated in the item may be used for, but authorized uses are not limited to, the following activities:
 - (1) Connecting students with community case managers who have knowledge and expertise in accessing safety net.
 - (2) Establishing ongoing emergency housing procedures, including on-campus and off-campus resources.
 - (3) Providing emergency grants that are necessary to secure housing or to prevent the imminent loss of housing.
 - (c) Funding shall be allocated to campuses based on demonstrated need.
 - (d) The terms "homeless" and "housing insecure" shall be defined as students who lack a fixed, regular, and adequate nighttime residence. This includes students who are:
 - (1) Sharing the housing of other persons due to loss of housing, economic hardship, or a similar reason.
 - (2) Living in motels, hotels, trailer parks, or camping grounds due to the lack of alternative adequate accommodations.
 - (3) Living in emergency or transitional shelters.
 - (4) Abandoned in hospitals.
 - (5) Living in a primary nighttime residence that is a public or private place not designed for or ordinarily used as a regular sleeping accommodation for human beings.
 - (6) Living in cars, parks, public spaces, abandoned buildings, substandard housing, bus or train stations, or similar settings.
- (e) The University of California shall submit a report to the Director of Finance and, in conformity with Section 9795 of the Government Code, to the Legislature by February 1 of each year regarding the use of these funds, for the preceding fiscal year and estimates for the current fiscal year, for information including the number of coordinators hired, number of students served by campus, distribution of funds by campus, a description of the types of programs funded, and other relevant outcomes, such as the number of students that were able to secure permanent housing, and whether students receiving support remained enrolled at the institution or graduated. This report may be submitted jointly with other basic needs reporting due to the Legislature.

Appendix II

Funding Categories	Berkeley	Davis	Irvine	Los Angeles	Merced	Riverside	San Diego	San Francisco	Santa Barbara	Santa Cruz	UC Systemwide
Basic Needs Center	\$59,000	\$61,000	\$126,000	\$150,000	\$96,000	\$35,000	\$59,000	\$64,000	\$40,000	\$82,000	\$0
Pre-College Outreach and Preparation	\$80,000	\$13,000	\$30,000	\$30,000	\$23,000	\$18,000	\$78,000	\$14,000	\$20,000	\$0	\$0
lst-Year Student Experience	\$31,000	\$29,000	\$3,000	\$160,000	\$20,000	\$18,000	\$3,000	\$5,000	\$14,000	\$30,000	\$0
Housing Services and Support	\$0	\$583,000	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Direct Student Awards	\$441,000	\$145,000	\$358,000	\$345,000	\$234,000	\$234,000	\$0	\$111,000	\$313,000	\$106,000	\$0
CalFresh	\$41,000	\$26,000	\$7,000	\$65,000	\$0	\$10,000	\$43,000	\$4,000	\$16,000	\$0	\$0
Basic Needs Skills Development	\$54,000	\$131,000	\$11,000	\$12,000	\$7,000	\$100,000	\$151,000	\$42,000	\$16,000	\$0	\$0
Emergency Relief/ Crisis Resolution	\$106,000	\$93,000	\$340,000	\$223,000	\$52,000	\$0	\$632,000	\$4,000	\$333,000	\$36,000	\$0
Career Staff Coordination (FTE)	\$375,000	\$273,000	\$425,000	\$276,000	\$276,000	\$595,000	\$335,000	\$284,000	\$276,000	\$552,000	\$0
Student Staff Coordination	\$207,000	\$93,000	\$125,000	\$66,000	\$80,000	\$160,000	\$70,000	\$17,000	\$195,000	\$185,000	\$0
Evaluation and Reporting	\$1,000	\$30,000	\$20,000	\$23,000	\$2,000	\$70,000	\$33,000	\$5,000	\$39,000	\$96,000	\$0
Innovation Awards	\$220,000	\$292,000	\$279,000	\$245,000	\$209,000	\$371,000	\$245,000	\$14,000	\$242,000	\$183,000	\$200,000
UC Systemwide	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$500,000
Totals	\$1,616,000	\$1,769,000	\$1,724,000	\$1,595,000	\$1,000,000	\$1,611,000	\$1,648,000	\$563,000	\$1,504,000	\$1,270,000	\$700,000

Appendix III

Campus	CHC CalFresh Outreach Contract*	County and Local Partnerships	Details
Berkeley	✓	✓	Alameda County Social Services, Alameda County Community Food Bank, Berkeley Food Network, Berkeley Rent Board, East Bay Community Law Center, 211, Door Dash
Davis	✓	✓	Yolo County Department of Social Services, Yolo County Food Bank, Lutheran Social Services, City of Davis, Blue Diamond Almonds, Students4Students
Irvine		✓	Orange County Department of Social Services, Orange County Food Bank, Second Harvest Food Bank, United Way, StandUp for Kids
Los Angeles	✓	✓	Westside Food Bank, Target, Smart & Final store, Whole Foods, Sprouts, Ralph's/Food4Less, UCLA Farmer's Market, Westwood Farmer's Market, Gorilla Marketing, CSU Chico State (subcontractor), Department of Public Social Services
Merced	✓	√	Merced County Human Service Agency, Merced County Public Health Department, Merced Community College, Inaugural Central Valley Higher Education Basic Needs Summit, United Way
Riverside	✓	✓	Riverside County Department of Public and Social Services, Feeding America Inland Empire Food Bank, TruEvolution, Fair Housing Council of Riverside County
San Diego	✓	√	San Diego Health and Human Services, San Diego Food Bank, Feeding San Diego, ProduceGood United Way, 211, Door Dash, National League of Cities, San Diego Metropolitan Transit Systems, San Diego Youth Services
San Francisco		✓	San Francisco/Marin Food Bank
Santa Barbara	✓	✓	Santa Barbara County Food Bank, Santa Ynez Veggie Rescue, Santa Barbara County Department of Social Services, County of Santa Barbara, Santa Barbara County Community Benefit Organizations, Food Not Bombs, University United Methodist Community Church, the St. Michael's Church, the Isla Vista Community Center, Youth Action Board (YAB) for the County of Santa Barbara, Youth Homelessness Demonstration Program (YHDP) of the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development, Santa Barbara City College, Allan Hancock, Santa Barbara County Education Office, Turner Foundation, Channel Islands YMCA, national Homeless Management Information System (HMIS) partners group
Santa Cruz	✓ /	✓	Second Harvest Food Bank, Santa Cruz County Housing for Health Partnership Policy Board, YHDP Partners Santa Cruz area hotels

^{*}The Center for Healthy Communities (CHC) at California State University Chico serves as a prime CalFresh Outreach contractor with the California Department of Social Services (CDSS) to help more clients apply or become aware of CalFresh Food benefits. Eight UC campuses are part of the CalFresh Outreach contract.

Appendix IV

Service Type	Berkeley	Davis	Irvine	Los Angeles	Merced	Riverside	San Diego	San Francisco	Santa Barbara	Santa Cruz
Crisis services	x		x		x	x	x			
Care navigation/access services:	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
support for LGTBQ+ services	x	x	x	x			x		x	x
Eating disorders			x					x		
CARE/IPV services		x	x	x			x	x		x
Online services	x			x	x		x			
Peer Programs	x	x		x			x			
Yoga/mindfulness/ gardens/wellness spaces	x							x	x	
Peer providers	x			x			x			
Yoga/mindfulness/ gardens/wellness spaces	x		x						x	
Expanding services/access for racial and ethnic minority students	x		x				x	x	x	x
Staff faculty BH&W training		x	x	x	x		x			x
Broad outreach, wellness, de-stigmatizing, BH&W education programing	x	x	x	x	x	x		x	x	x
Support for foster youth, underground scholars, homeless, undocumented students, or parenting students		x	x	x						
Funding for new proposals		x		x		x				
Enhance basic needs provision									x	x
Focus on transition in/out of college				x			x		x	x
Substance use disorder services								x		

The above table describes services added or expanded by campuses to enhance existing campus mental health services through state mental health funds.

Contact Information:

Office of the President University of California 1111 Franklin Street Oakland, CA 94607 https://www.ucop.edu/