





- Higher Education Headlines
- New IIA Guidance
- Visual Risk IQ's QuickStartsm Methodology
- Group Exercise let's develop a test plan
- Continuous Controls Monitoring the evolution of Data Analytics
- ∎ Q&A
- Additional resources

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Current Fraud Statistics from the ACFE (source: ACFE Report to the Nations)

- Median loss \$140,000 these losses are grossly understated as they do not include investigative costs, fines, and penalties.
- 20% of reported cases involved a loss of \$1 million or more
- Median time before discovery: 18 months
- Organizations with anti-fraud controls correlated with significant decreases in cost and duration of fraud
- Internal Audit detects 14% of frauds. More than external audit (3%), but lagging tips and management review

Source: Association of Certified Fraud Examiners (ACFE) 2012 "Report to the Nations on Occupational Fraud and Abuse"





Analysis tools for structured and unstructured data

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IIA GTAC #16 Data Analysis Technologies = Emphasizes importance of data analysis = Business case for increased assurance = Improvements in control and also risk assessment = Improved auditor efficiency and effectiveness = Provides implementation guidance = Consider Key Performance Indicators and Metrics = Also consider mean, variance, and outliers = Patterns, including digital analysis / Benford's Law = Introduces Data Analysis Maturity Model = Methodology is plan, prepare, test, review

"Internal auditors who don't use data mining and analytics should get on their horse & buggy and go home" @IIACEO

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Data Analytics is the Connect between thoughtful Questions, and (Digital) Data

- What business or control questions would you like to answer? Why?
- How would you identify the answer today?
- Would knowing the answer in greater depth be useful?
- What about knowing the answer more often (i.e. greater frequency)



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- Requesting data from Information Technology Staff / Vendors
- Fixed vs. Variable Length
- Delimited Files
- Quoted Text
- Column Headers
- Balancing / Control Totals
- Where and how best to filter and limit rows and columns?
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Business Process Area	Suggested Tests
P-Card / Travel & Entertainment	
Grant Compliance	
Procurement / Accounts Payable	
HR & Payroll	
Financial Aid	

Exercise:







Key Capabilities of CCM

- Non-invasive extraction from systems of record
- Ability to define and easily map into common data models
- Identify and track revisions to master data
- Modern, easily configured data analytics engine
- Identify and store individual exceptions that meet analytics criteria (filters, thresholds, confidence, statistical significance, etc.)

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- Interactive review, filtering, assignment and status modification of exceptions
- Integrated visual reporting

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Wrap-up Thoughts

- Consider how QuickStart discussion may help ensure effective communication between business- and data-focused team members
- Use IIA Guidance on Fraud Risk and Data Analysis. They are very good resources and free to all IIA members.
- Begin with defining the questions that you want to answer? Then identify data sources can answer them - both internal and external data sources.
- Establish data analysis routines that can be repeated (i.e. scheduled) on a recurring basis. Ad hoc / one-time tests become the foundation for Continuous Auditing and Continuous Monitoring.
- Challenge your audit team to be the R&D lab for innovation in data analysis. Include as a success measure the tests that are adopted by the business.



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For Additional Information



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Use of a Maturity Model to define your company-specific path

- History of Maturity Model
- Developed on multiple client assignments to help define the path to CA for our clients
- Shared at an IIA meeting came together with Arrowpoint Capital - "that sounds like our journey" which began nearly 10 years ago
- Developed IA article together with Arrowpoint Assisted by Wake Forest's Dr. George Aldhizer in preparing article and field-testing ideas and thesis
- Key Learnings
- Technology is not the first or second or even third priority
- Business knowledge is critical to sustaining and improving the CA program. Periodic meetings to understand business pulse is essential
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	Basic practices	Repeatable CAATs	Frequent CAATs	Continuous auditing	
People	Staff has some basic data literacy. Knows how to ask IT for digital information	Some IT- and data-specific specialists are accessible, either in-house or as consultants	Audit staff and leaders are IT- and data-literate. Little distinction between IT audit and financial / operational audit people	No need for ad hoc data acquisition - CA and CCM systems are well-integrated into finance, operations, and Enterprise Risk Management (ERM)	
Technology	Basic data capture and analysis using MS-Office or ERP Query tools. Heavy reliance on Corporate IT	Some re-usable scripts exist and are used on- demand for relevant audit projects. Prevalent use of CAAT tools like IDEA and/or ACL	ACL and IDEA scripts are stored, scheduled, and run at appropriate intervals in support of audit projects	Continuous auditing and monitoring technologies contribute to all audit steps at project and department level	
Governance	Business is reactive to requests from Internal Audit and usually helps in a timely way	Audit department can and does access enterprise data directly at the source	IT consults with IA prior to making system changes that are known to affect IA.	Data driven early warning / risk alerts include both business and controls / audit implications.	
Audit methodology	Risk assessments are conducted annually	Updates to risk assessments are conducted more frequently than annually	Risk assessments are scheduled at regular intervals and updated based on internal and external data points.	Risk assessments consider objective and subjective data. Gaps between objective and subjective assessments are highlighted	



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